

Skye SKPM 1400

Plant Moisture Potential Measurement



What can the Skye SKPM 1400 detect?

Detection of **drought stress** before wilting symptoms appear.

How do you use the Skye SKPM 1400?

Cut leaves or stems from plants in your crop. Incubate the leaves or stems for 1 h in the dark before measurement to close the leaf pores (stomata). Place the leaf or stem in the rubber seal and close them in the pressure chamber. Record the pressure at which the first droplet appears at the cut surface. Take at least 5 scattered measurements to reach a conclusion.

Scientific background & interpretation results

The apparatus uses compressed gas to put pressure on the leaf/stem. The pressure required to squeeze the first droplet is equivalent to xylem pressure in the plant (the leaf or stem water potential) which is proportional to the water availability/status in the plant.

If plant experiences drought stress:

- ightarrow Pressure at which the first droplet appears will increase \uparrow
- → The pressure at optimal conditions may vary depending on plant species and developmental stage and is normally below 2-3 MPa. Values above that can signify stress.

Pros & Cons

+ simple principle, easy to use, low maintenance

SKYE

- quite expensive, destructive method, adaption of leaves to the dark is required, operator bias, air tank required, leaves with short or no petioles are difficult to measure

(NIAB WEMR)

Price range: € 8000 - 10000

Company:

More information?

https://www.skyeinstruments.com/category/products/plant-moisture-systems/

